In Time Line 20 we discussed the existence of a previous 360 day solar/30 day lunar calendar, but can we find evidence of this prior calendar in the Scriptures? The answer to this according to the story of Noach is a resounding yes!

In the examples below I present how different calendar approaches calculate out when applied to the time of the flood. **B’resheet (Genesis) 7:11-8:4** states that 150 days passed from the 17th day of the 2nd Moon to the 17th day of the 7th Moon.

In **B’resheet (Genesis) 8:14** it is written that the flood that began on the 17th day of the 2nd Moon ended on the 27th day of the second Moon of the following year – a total of 1 year 10 days later.

On a modern Gregorian calendar that would come to a total of 375 days from **B’resheet (Genesis) 7:11 to 8:14**; but on a 360 day solar calendar that would come out to a total of 370 days (360+10).

So to test out the various candidates for a calendar to explain the 150 days of Noach (Noah) that occurred from **B’resheet (Genesis) 7:11 to 8:4** we need to find a calendar that shows not only a precise 150 day passage from the 17th day of the 2nd Moon to the 17th day of the 7th Moon, but that if the proper candidate is a 360 year calendar - a total passage of time from **B’resheet (Genesis) 7:11 to 8:14** of 370 days.

I will begin with the modern Gregorian calendar, which though not in existence at the time of the flood, will provide a standard to compare the others against.

The Scriptures declare the flood to have occurred 1656 years from the creation of Adam (See: *Time Line 1*). Using the Gregorian method of calculation, that would cause the year 1656 to be a leap year and would play out as follows:

1. **The Artificial Gregorian Calendar (31,29,31,30,31,30,31,31,30,31,30,31) with a 366 day solar year during a leap year calculated from the day of creation (the 1656th year from Adam).**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calendar Event</th>
<th>Gregorian Calculation</th>
<th>Total Days</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 7:11 to 8:4</td>
<td>Feb 17 to Jul 17</td>
<td>151 days (12+31+30+31+31+30+17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 8:5</td>
<td>Jul 17 to Oct 1</td>
<td>76 days (14+31+30+1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 8:14</td>
<td>Oct 1 to Feb 27</td>
<td>149 days (30+30+31+31+27)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>= 376 days total</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
From the Gregorian calculation of our modern calendar you could say that 375 days would cover the 1 year 10
day passage of time from beginning to end, but for the 150 day period required of Scripture, the Gregorian
would have 151 days during this leap year. So immediately we can see that a change has occurred in the sun-
moon relation since the time of the flood that has caused the days and years to become longer.

2. And if we took the same current solar year of 365.25 days and divided it into 12 equal parts of 30.4375 day
months with no leap years, you would still end up with a similar result.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scripture</th>
<th>Dates</th>
<th>Total Days</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 7:11 to 8:4</td>
<td>2-17 to 7-17</td>
<td>152.1875 days (13.4375+30.4375+30.4375+30.4375+30.4375+17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 8:5</td>
<td>7-17 to 10-1</td>
<td>75.3125 days (13.4375+30.4375+30.4375+1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 8:14</td>
<td>10-1 to 2-27</td>
<td>147.7500 days (29.4375+30.4375+30.4375+30.4375+27)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

= 375.25 days total

In example 2 above the 1 year and 10 days can be justified, but the 150 days of Noach (Noah) is off by 2.1875
days

In examples 1 and 2 above we used the artificially created Gregorian calendar for our count. The first by
standard months (31, 28/29, 31, 30 etc...), the second by averaging (30.4375). But in Noach’s (Noah’s) passage,
Noach (Noah) refers to moon cycles specifically when he states on the 17th day of the 2nd Moon, and 17th day of
the 7th Moon, and 27th day of the 2nd Moon, etc...

So it is really the one we must count by, because it is an actual assumed natural and observable count that
Noach would have been able to verify and go by, as opposed to the artificial count of the Gregorian design.

3. In this example, we count by the actual “current” length of lunar days of 29.53 days.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scripture</th>
<th>Dates</th>
<th>Total Days</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 7:11 to 8:4</td>
<td>2-17 to 7-17</td>
<td>147.65 (12.53+29.53+29.53+29.53+29.53+17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 8:5</td>
<td>7-17 to 10-1</td>
<td>72.59 (12.53+29.53+29.53+1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 8:14</td>
<td>10-1 to 2-27</td>
<td>144.12 (28.53+29.53+29.53+29.53+27)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

= 364.36 days total

In this last example we see that if the moon cycle in Noach’s (Noah’s) day was only 29.53 days in length like it is
today, then the 150 day count from the 17th day of the 2nd Moon to the 17th day of the 7th Moon would have
fallen short by 2.35 days. Additionally, the lunar count over the course of a year and 10 days under the current
solar cycle would fall shy of the current 375.25 day count (365.25+10) by 10.89 days.

Having presented these various approaches there appears to be no acceptable solution to resolve how Noach
came up with 150 day period from 2-17 to 7-17 from the perspective of our current 365.25 day solar year, 29.53
day lunar cycle. However, when we look into creation science and study the mathematics of ancient astronomy
and the religious practices of ancient cultures we are able to solve the difficulty.

Creation science has determined that the reason why our solar years are 365.25 days long is because of the tilt
of the earth on its axis and of its resulting wobble in its orbit around the sun. It has also been discovered and
mathematically calculated that if the axis of the earth was a true vertical north to south, not only would the
wobble disappear from the earth’s orbit around the sun, but the length of time that it would take for the earth
to complete its orbit around the sun would be reduced from 365.25 days down to an even 360 days, and the
moons orbit would increase from the current 29.5 day orbit around the earth to an even 30 day orbit.

This is further supported by ancient cultures that worshipped 360 gods, one for each day of their solar year, as
well as by the degrees of a circle which was determined long ago by ancient astronomers to be 360, rather than 365 in number.

If these things are all reflective of the lunar and earth orbits at the time of the flood then we should be able to plug these numbers into this passage of Genesis concerning the flood and not only have a perfect match concerning the 150 days from Genesis 7:11 to 8:4, but also a perfect match for the solar year plus 10 days as well.

*Here is the 30 day lunar, 360 day solar, calendar plugged into this passage below*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genesis 7:11 to 8:4</th>
<th>= 2-17 to 7-17</th>
<th>= 150 days (13+30+30+30+30+17)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 8:5</td>
<td>= 7-17 to 10-1</td>
<td>= 74 days (13+30+30+1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genesis 8:14</td>
<td>= 10-1 to 2-27</td>
<td>= 146 days (29+30+30+30+27)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

= 370 days total

This provides a perfect match to both the 150 day period from 2-17 to 7-17, and to the 360 day solar year. So apparently it is an event after the flood that knocked the earth off its vertical axis, and out of its original orbit.

That post flood event may be when the sun stood still for a day with Yehoshua (Joshua), son of Nun; **Yehoshua (Joshua) 10:13** - the event of which was observed and recorded by numerous contemporary cultures of the time around the globe, and which was very likely caused by a large meteor/asteroid strike in the earth.

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Notes